

		KS	51		KS2				KS3		KS	4
	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
OVER- ARCHING THEME FOR YEAR		Dynar Tem Text	mics, ipo,	Dyn: Tei	amics, mpo, tture,		I	Elements of music	Structure & Elements of music	Variety, structure and Elements of music	Genre, period, variety, structure and Elements of music	Preparing for the exam. Revisiting and deepening.
Listening (History of Music – KS2 onwards)	Explores the different sounds of instruments.	<ul> <li>songs and sec patterns of so</li> <li>Respond physic performing, constraining muticity appraising muticity Identify differ sources.</li> <li>Identify well- features.</li> <li>Controlling pulse</li> </ul>	a range of high- ecorded music ry and member short quences and bunds. sically when composing and usic. rent sound defined musical defined musical and rhythm sulse in different sic. and short sic. rnalise and	<ul> <li>memory</li> <li>Listening, Memo Movement.</li> <li>Recognise sir (Phrases).</li> <li>Identify melo play them by</li> <li>Create seque movements i sounds.</li> <li>Explore and o movements ta animals.</li> <li>Demonstrate recognise the and expressiv through dance</li> <li>Identify phra used as an in interlude and</li> <li>Controlling pulse</li> <li>Recognise rh</li> <li>Perform a rep a steady pulse</li> </ul>	h increasing aural ry and mple structures. dic phrases and ear. ences of in response to chose different to describe the ability to e use of structure ve elements ce. ses that could be troduction, d ending. and rhythm ythmic patterns. peated pattern to re. recall rhythmic patterns. ated patterns	<ul> <li>percussion (</li> <li>Identify diffe and textures</li> <li>Identify how created by n lyrics.</li> <li>Listen to lon music and id features.</li> <li>Controlling pur rhythm</li> <li>Identify the different pie</li> <li>Identify long sounds in m</li> <li>Begin to inte create rhyth</li> <li>Recognise rh patterns.</li> <li>Identify and rhythmic and patterns. Ide patterns use of music. (O</li> <li>Identify the different sor</li> </ul>	se on pitched play by ear). erent moods in a mood is nusic and ger pieces of lentify Ilse and pulse in reces of music. gand short usic. ernalise and mic patterns. hythmic recall d melodic entify repeated d melodic entify repeated d in a variety stinato). metre of hogs through the pattern of veak beats. sic significant tween them. ow certain ame almost to i (Eg piano) pw the	FANFARESUnderstand key features of fanfares, purposes of fanfares through the ages – similarities and differences between old and new. (Link back to KS1 & 2 where students have learned about instruments)ELEMENTS OF MUSICUnderstand key 7 elements of music. PITCH, DURATION, TEXTURE, TIMBRE, DYNAMICS, SILENCE, TEMPO (Linked back to fanfares – students will already have used all these Elements of music without realising)MUSICAL NOTATION I - ODE TO JOY Beethoven 9thUnderstand who Beethoven was and his historical and personal context.Understand what a symphony is and why No 9 was radical for the time.	STRUCTURE I – TERNARY FORM Fur Elise Understand that music needs structure. Explore varying classical structures. Understand what ternary form is and it's basis on repetition and variety. (Link back to performances in year 7, both of which were in Ternary Form) Understand that these structures are found in all periods and genres of music. Understand how Fur Elise by Beethoven is in ternary form. Understand how musical performances will vary dynamics and tempo for a more interesting performance.	THEME AND VARIATIONSUnderstand how composers create music based on developing ideas rather than with a succession of new ideas.Understand that Theme and Variations is a recognised structureUnderstand how composers use the elements of music to create variations of simple melodies. (Link back to years 7 & 8)PROTEST SONGSUnderstand how music has been used to promote or protest about political, social and environmental causes/issues. (Link back to Blues and Reggae music)	All set works have their own specific, stylistic features that must be learned. Areas of music theory are tied into set works when most appropriate. Sonata in Cm – Beethoven Understand what Sonata form is. Understand scales, keys and how key changes work. (Link to ternary form in year 8.) Understand what is meant by virtuosic and the implications of writing for and performing on solo instruments. Understand the pianistic techniques required for the set work. Understand tonality and its effect upon music. (Eg - why	Year 11 is about revising and deepening the knowledge gained in year 10. Students spend considerable amounts of time practising exam questions and learning how to answer clearly, relevantly and concisely. They learn how to answer the extended writing question and considerable time is spent looking and structure and techniques for this part of the exam. All the time the students are revisiting and securing the knowledge of the set works and the associated music theory. They practice the unfamiliar listening and



SCHOOL	Litcham School All-through I	Music Curriculum Imp	plementation a	nd Map			
		Understand how music was	Focus on pitch – link	BLUES	Understand	has Beethoven	musical
		influenced by and influenced	to fanfares and		song structure	chosen C minor)	dictation.
		other art forms.	elements of music.	Understand key	and its use of		
				melodic,	contrast and		The students
		Understand how many		rhythmic and	repetition,		are constantly
		techniques and forms used		harmonic	understand the	Samba –	revisiting and
		by classical composers are	RHYTHM, METRE	elements of blues	purpose of each	Esperanza	revising the
		still used today. (Focus on	AND DURATION	music. (Blues	section of song		elements of
		Ground Bass, Programmatic		scale, blues	form. (Link to	Understand	music – the
		music)	Explore music	notes, swing	band topic in	what 'Fusion'	vast majority
			created from	rhythm, 12 bar	year 8)	means in music.	of exam
		Understand the varied,	repeating patterns,	blues)			questions are
		brilliant and eccentric nature	learning techniques		Reinforce that	Understand	based around
		of some of the great	and such as layering,	Understand there	songs often use	features of	these and
		composers. (Focus on	ostinato etc. Explore	are certain	chord	typical Jazz and	students must
		Beethoven, Mozart, Berlioz)	minimalism and	instruments	sequences (link	Latin music and	continually
			Steve Reich. Focus	associated with	to Blues and	specifically	practice how
			on texture, duration,	blues. (Link back	Band topic from	which relate to	to define and
			timbre and dynamics – again link back to	to KS1 and 2 and also Elements of	year 8).	this piece. (Link	describe them.
			-		Understand	to Blues in year	
			elements of music.	music – timbre)	how elements	8)	
			Understand time	Understand	of music are	Understand how	
			signatures and	chords – purpose	used to create	the composer	
			metre,	and form	variety in a	uses texture to	
			understanding that		repetitive	create variety	
			the 'feel' of the	Understand the	structure. (Link	through the	
			music is determined	historical and	to year 7 and to	piece. (Link to	
			by the beats per bar	cultural context	Variation topic	variations in year	
			or metre.	of blues music.	earlier in the	9)	
			Understand that	Understand its	term)	,	
			many musical	profound			
			cultures do not think	influence on		Star Wars	
			in terms of bars but	modern pop	FILM SCORES	John Williams	
			can still have a	music both			
			strong rhythmic feel.	rhythmically and	Understand the	Understand	
				harmonically.	purpose of	purpose of music	
			(Link notation back		music in film	in films.	
			to work on Ode to		and television	Understand the	
			Joy and Elements of		music.	difference	
			Music – duration)		Understand	between theme	
				STRUCTURE II -	how music was	and incidental	
			Understand that	RONDO FORM	used in the very	music. (Link to	
			African music can		early days of	film music from	
			often be	Understand how	cinema –	year 9)	
			rhythmically very	Rondo form	reinforcing that		
			complex, made up of	works and its use	music was used	Understand the	
			multiple intertwining	in both classical	with films years	make up of a	
			patterns.	and modern	before	modern	
				music.	dialogue.	orchestra and how the	
				Understand how	Understand	now the orchestra has	
				Rondo form is a	how every	developed over	
				development of	aspect of film	time.	
				ternary form	and TV music is		
		I					



SCHOOL	asic curriculum implementation a			
	MUSCIAL NOTATION	(Link back to	driven by the	Understand
	II – CHROMATIC	beginning of	images on	techniques used
	NOTES	previous term)	screen, often	by John Williams
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	regardless of	to create a
	Explore 'In the Hall	Understand how	the composers	military feel to
	of the Mountain	the full version of	own personal	the music
			-	
	King' by Grieg. Learn	Fur Elise is	style or	amongst other
	context of music.	actually in Rondo	preferences.	things.
		form – the		
	Understand how	popular section	Learn who	
	chromatic notes	in ternary form is	some of the	Music for a
	work in music	only the A section	principal film	while – Purcell
	(Limited to flats,	of a much longer	composers of	
	sharps and naturals)	piece. (Again link	the last 100	Understand key
		to previous term)	years are.	features of
	Understand the			Baroque music –
	effect and purpose	Understand the	Understand	Ground bass,
	of using chromatic	importance of	how these film	basso continuo,
	notes.	using the	composers	harpsichord,
	notes.	Elements of		ornamentation.
			were hugely	
	Understand how the		influenced the	(Link back to
	black notes 'work' on		by the music of	blues in year 8)
	a keyboard.	year 7)	composers	
			from the	Understand key
	(Link back to Ode to	Understand the	Romantic	features of
	Joy – comparison.)	labels for various	period –	melodies and
		sections and how	Beethoven	how to describe
		rondo form can	onwards.	melodies.
		be adapted to		
		suit the	Understand	Killer Queen –
		composer's own	how music has	Queen
		purposes.	the power to	
		purposes	affect how the	Understand key
			audience	features of rock
		CARIBBEAN		music and also
			perceive and	
		MUSIC – REGGAE	respond to a	typical features
			film or scene.	of Queen's
		Understand the		music including
		Caribbean is a		their other
		large, diverse	TV and MOVIE	influences.
		group of Islands	THEME TUNES	(Linked to Band
		incorporating	Understand	topic in year 8)
		individual	how composers	
		cultures and	will create one	Understand
		styles of music.	or more main	standard range
		'		of rock guitar
		Understand main	to represent	and vocal
		features of	themes, ideas,	techniques and
		Reggae music,	characters in	effects. (Linked
				-
		why it is so	the film.	to Music for a
		distinctive and	Understand	while)
		it's cultural	how composers	
		context and links	will often used	Understand
		with	recognisable	simple and
		Rastafarianism.	classical musical	compound time



JCHOOL			r				
					structures in	signatures and	
				Understand who	these themes	rhythms.	
				Bob Marley was	when played	,	
				and his impact on	during the titles		
				world and	and credits.	Release –	
					and credits.		
				popular music.		AfroCelt SS	
					Understand		
					how these	Fusion – link	
					themes will be	back to Samba	
					used in many	from first term.	
					forms and		
					variations	Understand key	
					during the film	features of	
				DANDC	-		
				BANDS	depending on	African,	
					the context of	Electronic and	
				Understand the	the scene.	Celtic music.	
				requirements for	Understand		
				functioning as a	that film	Defying Gravity	
				'band', financial	composers	Schwartz	
				opportunities and	must consider		
				expectations	the WHEN,	Understand	
				arising from	WHERE and	what is meant by	
				-	GENRE of a film	-	
				performing as a		a 'musical'.	
				band. The	as the		
				opportunities and	foundation of	Understand	
				limitations of the	all they do.	main types of	
				music industry.	(Link back to	songs and their	
					variations in	purposes.	
				Understand how	previous term)		
				Lynard Skynard	,     ,	Understand how	
				manage to	INCIDENTAL	music is used to	
				-			
				achieve variety in	MUSIC –	convey mood,	
				an 8-minute song		both in musical	
				based solely on a		songs generally	
				repeating four	will write	and set work	
				bar chord	musical cues of	specifically. (Link	
				pattern.	very specific	back to Star	
				Understand how	lengths to fit	Wars and job of	
				so many songs	with individual	film composer.)	
				are based on only	scenes.		
				three chords.	Understand		
						Brandonhara	
				(Link to 12 bar	how structure is	-	
				blues and to the	defined solely	Bach	
				Elements of	by the content		
				Music from years	of the scene	Understand the	
				7 & 8)		terms concerto	
						and concerto	
						grosso.	
					FREE TOPIC	-	
						Understand the	
					This tonia is		
					This topic is	term 'fugue' and	
					dependent on	fugal and how it	
					remaining time	relates to the	
					which can vary	structure.	
					from year to		
		I	•	1	,		



SCHOOL	LILLIIAI	II SCHOOLAII-THI OUGH IVI		Jiementation a	nu wap			
SCHOOL         Performance         Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances.		<ul> <li>Singing songs with control and using the voice expressively.</li> <li>Sing with confidence using a wider vocal range.</li> <li>Sing with awareness of pulse and control of rhythm.</li> <li>Recognise simple structures. (Phrases).</li> <li>Sing expressively with awareness and control at the expressive elements. E.g. timbre, tempo, dynamics.</li> <li>Sing songs and create different vocal effects.</li> <li>Understand how mouth shapes can affect voice sounds.</li> <li>Identify melodic phrases and play them by ear.</li> <li>Create sequences of movements in response to sounds.</li> <li>Explore and chose different</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sing songs with increasing control of breathing, posture and sound projection.</li> <li>Sing songs in tune and with an awareness of other parts.</li> <li>Identify phrases through breathing in appropriate places.</li> <li>Sing with expression and rehearse with others.</li> <li>Sing a round in two parts and identify the melodic phrases and how they fit together</li> </ul>	FANFARES Perform own fanfare using appropriate sounds and techniques ELEMENTS OF MUSIC Perform group programmatic composition "The	STRUCTURE I -         TERNARY FORM         Perform Fur Elise         by Beethoven.         Moving through         versions of         increasing         difficulty.         BLUES         Perform 12 bar         blues pattern on         keyboards or         guitars.         Perform group         composition         based on own         melodies and 12         bar blues.	year. It's main purpose is to give students the opportunity to study an area or revise a skill they have previously developed.Students taking GCSE music will choose a task with the teacher designed to prepare them for year 10 based on their own strengths and weaknesses.THEME AND VARIATIONSPerform own variations on 'Frere Jacques'. Students include functions of the keyboards to aid their work.PROTEST SONGS Perform group protest songsFILM SCORES TV and MOVIE THEME TUNES - Students perform their own TV or Movie theme using appropriate instrument or	<ul> <li>3.</li> <li>They work with their instrumental and singing teachers on technique and expression etc. They choose appropriate pieces to perform with advice from instrumental and classroom teacher.</li> <li>The performances are assessed</li> </ul>	Students choose and prepare their final performances based on feedback from year 10.
							•	



SCHOOL		LILCIIdi	n school All-through M				•	•	<u>.                                    </u>
		<ul> <li>Perform a rhythm to a given pulse.</li> <li>Accompany a chant or song by clapping or playing the pulse or rhythm.</li> <li>Exploring sounds, melody and accompaniment.</li> <li>To explore different sound sources.</li> <li>Make sounds and recognise how they can give a message.</li> <li>Identify and name classroom instruments.</li> <li>Create and chose sounds in response to a given stimulus.</li> <li>Identify how sounds can be changed.</li> <li>Change sounds to reflect different stimuli.</li> <li>Control of instruments</li> <li>Play instruments in different ways and create sound effects</li> <li>Handle and play instruments with control</li> <li>Identify different groups of instruments.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to recognise the use of structure and expressive elements through dance.</li> <li>Controlling pulse and rhythm</li> <li>Recognise rhythmic patterns.</li> <li>Perform a repeated pattern to a steady pulse.</li> <li>Identify and recall rhythmic and melodic patterns.</li> <li>Identify repeated patterns used in a variety of music. (Ostinato).</li> <li>Exploring sounds, melody and accompaniment.</li> <li>Identify ways sounds are used to accompany a song.</li> <li>Analyse and comment on how sounds are used to create different moods.</li> <li>Explore and perform different types of accompaniment.</li> <li>Explore and select different melodic patterns.</li> <li>Recognise and explore different combinations of pitch sounds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Create different effects using combinations of pitched sounds.</li> <li>Use ICT to change and manipulate sounds.</li> <li>Controlling pulse and rhythm</li> <li>Identify different speeds of pulse (tempo) by clapping and moving.</li> <li>Improvise rhythm patterns.</li> <li>Perform an independent part keeping to a steady beat.</li> <li>Identify the metre of different songs through recognising the pattern of strong and weak beats.</li> <li>Subdivide the pulse while keeping to a steady beat.</li> </ul>	RHYTHM, METRE AND DURATION Performing individual and whole class music based repeating patterns. STAFF NOTATION II – CHROMATIC NOTES Perform 'In the hall of the mountain King' by Grieg	STRUCTURE II - RONDO FORM Perform (where appropriate) piece based on Rondo form. (Not for those who opt to compose directly to PC) CARIBBEAN MUSIC – REGGAE Perform 'Three little birds' by Bob Marley including all key features of Reggae – rhythm, harmony and melody. BANDS Students form themselves into bands and perform 'Sweet Home Alabama' They have opportunity to learn a new instrument but all groups must contain basic melody, harmony and rhythm layers.	INCIDENTAL MUSIC – Students perform own incidental music for a specified scene from either 'Jurassic Park' or 'Cool Runnings' using appropriate instrument or software. FREE TOPIC	and students learn how to prepare a performance that will allow them to achieve (or maintain) highest possible mark.	
Composition	Experiment with ways of changing songs and music.	<ul> <li>Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music</li> <li>Exploring sounds, melody and accompaniment.</li> <li>To explore different sound sources.</li> <li>Make sounds and recognise how they can give a message.</li> <li>Identify and name classroom instruments.</li> </ul>	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music <b>Composition</b>	<ul> <li>Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music</li> <li>Exploring sounds, melody and accompaniment.</li> <li>To explore different sound sources.</li> <li>Make sounds and recognise how they can give a message.</li> </ul>	FANFARES Compose own fanfare following all key features. Write using a form of graphic notation based on pitch and duration.	STRUCTURE I - TERNARY FORM Compose melodies using a four-bar antecedent and consequent form, building to a more extended piece in ternary form.	THEME AND VARIATIONS Compose (minimum of) three variations on Frere Jacques using elements of music as creatively as possible. Student also use tonality to	Students compose music learning about and focusing on the following areas Structure Repetition and contrast Texture (doubling, various	Students begin their composition based on a brief sent by the exam board. (Link back to mock composition in year 10)



SCHOOL	Litchar	n School All-through M	usic Curriculum im	plementation a	na iviap			
	Create and chose sounds in	Create textures by combining	Identify and name	ELEMENTS OF		create different	accompaniment	Continue work
	response to a given stimulus.	sounds in different ways.	classroom instruments.	MUSIC	BLUES	moods.	styles)	on Free
	Identify how sounds can be	Create music that describes	Create and chose sounds				Instrumentation	Compositon
	changed.	contrasting moods/emotions.	in response to a given	Compose in groups	Compose blues	PROTEST	Harmony	
	<ul> <li>Change sounds to reflect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improvise simple tunes based</li> </ul>	stimulus.	programmatic music	melodies using	SONGS		
	different stimuli.	on the pentatonic scale.	Identify how sounds can	focusing on elements	the blues scale.		This all comes	
		<ul> <li>Compose music in pairs and</li> </ul>	be changed.	of music.	Group	Compose	from and is	
	• Contribute to the creation of	make improvements to their	<ul> <li>Change sounds to reflect</li> </ul>		composition	protest songs in	linked back to	
	a class composition.	own work.	different stimuli.		blues piece to	groups. Ensure	the listening	
	<ul> <li>Perform together and follow</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Create an accompaniment to a</li> </ul>		RHYTHM, METRE	include all key	that chosen	work.	
	instructions that combine	known song.	Contribute to the	AND DURATION	features.	genre is		
	elements	<ul> <li>Create descriptive music in</li> </ul>	creation of a class			appropriate to	One mock	
	ciciliand	pairs or small groups.	composition.			lyrical content.	composition is	
	Choose sounds and	pairs of small groups.	<ul> <li>Perform together and</li> </ul>	Compose and	STRUCTURE II -	,	based on a brief	
	instruments carefully and	• Perform in different ways,	follow instructions that	improvise rhythm	RONDO FORM	Ensure that	from the exam	
	make improvements to their	exploring the way the	combine elements	patterns in		song has a clear	board	
	own and other's work.		combine elements	individual, group and	Compose music	and	(equivalent of a	
		performers are a musical	Choose sounds and	whole class music.	based on Rondo	recognisable	commission in	
		resource.	instruments carefully		form ensuring	song structure	real life and	
		<ul> <li>Perform with awareness of</li> </ul>	and make improvements		not only correct	and feels	music industry.	
		<ul> <li>Perform with awareness of different parts</li> </ul>	to their own and other's	Compose Minimalist	, structure but	complete in	Link to Band	
			work.	pieces using notation	appropriate use	itself.	project in year 8	
		- Deservise how music can	WORK.	software. Emphasis	of repetition and		– expectations of	
		<ul> <li>Recognise how music can reflect different intentions.</li> </ul>		on creating rhythmic	contrast, using all		producing music	
		reflect different intentions.		ostinati from	elements of		for a client)	
				differing note	music. Ensure	FILM SCORES	,	
				durations and	that piece feels		Students	
				creating variety	complete in itself	TV and MOVIE	understand they	
				through use of		THEME TUNES	must follow all	
				texture and timbre.			aspects of the	
						Compose a	brief and if	
						movie theme	needed put	
						tune to fit a	aside their own	
						choice of three	preferences and	
						(invented)	normal ways of	
						films. Students	working.	
						must consider		
						the WHEN,		
						WHERE and		
						GENRE of their		
						choice.		
						INCIDENTAL		
						MUSIC –		
						Students		
						compose a		
						piece incidental		
						music for a		
						specified scene		
						from either		
						'Jurassic Park'		
						or 'Cool		
						Runnings' using		
						appropriate		
						instrument or		



SCHOOL	Elteriai	II SCHOOLAII-THI OUGH M	usic curriculum imp					
						software. They must compose to the exact length of the scene or cues. They must make certain that every single element of music is used within the context of the images onscreen.		
						FREE TOPIC		
WRITTEN NOTATION - Methodology	<ul> <li>Perform long and short sounds in response to symbols.</li> <li>Create long and short sounds on instruments.</li> <li>Play and sing phrase from dot notation.</li> <li>Record their own ideas.</li> <li>Make their own symbols as part of a class score.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform long and short sounds in response to symbols.</li> <li>Create long and short sounds on instruments.</li> <li>Play and sing phrase from dot notation.</li> <li>Record their own ideas.</li> <li>Make their own symbols as part of a class score.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform using notation as a support.</li> <li>Sing songs with staff notation as support.</li> </ul>	FANFARE Graphic score STAFF NOTATION I - ODE TO JOY Beethoven 9th Traditional stave notation – focus on pitch RHYTHM and DURATION Boxes and blobs graphic score segue into stave notation - focus on duration. STAFF NOTATION II – CHROMATIC NOTES Flats, sharps and naturals	STRUCTURE I - TERNARY FORM Staff notation BLUES Chords in staff notation (Blues) Guitar tablature (where appropriate) Lead sheets STRUCTURE II - RONDO FORM Staff notation, typical visual layered format common to music software. CARIBBEAN MUSIC – REGGAE Staff notation, lead sheets, guitar tablature. BANDS Staff notation, lead sheets, guitar tablature	THEME and VARIATIONS Staff notation PROTEST SONGS Staff notation, lead sheets, graphic notation. FILM SCORES A range of notations may be used depending on the choice of genre and context.	Students must produce a score for their compositions although they choose themselves the most appropriate style for this – notation, tab, lead sheet etc. Most set works use standard notation.	As year 10



ECHNOLOGY	Use ICT to change and manipulate sounds. Composition	Keyboards (Fanfares, Ode to Joy, In the hall of the mountain king)	BLUES Amplifiers, leads, electric/bass	THEME and VARIATIONS	Students use technology as appropriate to their instrument	As year 10
		king) SIBELIUS – (Rhythm and duration)	guitars STRUCTURE II - RONDO FORM Dance Ejay or Sibelius notation software BANDS Amplifiers, leads, electric/bass guitars	Keyboards PROTEST SONGS FILM SCORES Sibelius notation software, Amplifiers, leads, electric/bass guitars	their instrument. For composition they mostly use Sibelius although the syllabus does not put any restriction on this other than the requirement to produce a recording and written version of each piece.	